

P2-1

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ -4 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 2.4 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad d = -4$$

$$G(z) = C(zI - A)^{-1}B + d$$

$$G(z) = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} z-2 & 1 \\ -4 & z-2 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} 2.4 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + -4$$

$$G(z) = \frac{.4z^2 + 3.2z - 10.16}{z^2 - 4z + 3.6}$$

P2.2

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 4 \\ 4 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 6 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$h_{\max} = \frac{1}{|\lambda_{\max}(A)|}$$

$$\text{eigenvalues}(A) = \{ 6.14, -0.072 \pm 4.34j \} \quad \text{using TI-89}$$

$$h = \frac{0.5}{6.14} = 0.0814$$

$$h_{\max} = \frac{1}{6.14} = 0.1629$$

P2.3

$$\dot{x} = -2x + 3u$$

$$a = -2$$

$$y = x$$

$$b = 3$$

$$1) G(s) = \frac{3}{s+2}$$

$$2) \phi = e^{-2h}$$

$$\Psi = \int_0^h e^{-2\sigma} d\sigma = \frac{(1 - e^{-2h})}{2}$$

$$\Gamma = \Psi = \frac{3(1 - e^{-2h})}{2}$$

$$\tilde{G}(z) = \frac{\Gamma}{z - \phi} = \frac{3(1 - e^{-2h})/2}{z - e^{-2h}}$$

P2.4

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad d = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \phi = e^{Ah} &= L^{-1}[(C(SI-A)^{-1})]_{t=h} = L^{-1}\left[\begin{bmatrix} s & -1 \\ 0 & s+3 \end{bmatrix}^{-1}\right]_{t=h} \\ &= L^{-1}\left[\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{s} & \frac{1}{s(s+3)} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{s+3} \end{bmatrix}\right]_{t=h} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \frac{1-e^{-3h}}{e^{-3h}} \\ 0 & e^{-3h} \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Psi = \int_0^h e^{A\sigma} d\sigma = \begin{bmatrix} h & \frac{3h-1+e^{-3h}}{9} \\ 0 & \frac{1-e^{-3h}}{e^{-3h}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Gamma = \Psi B = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{3h-1+e^{-3h}}{9} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\tilde{G}(z) = C(zI - \phi)^{-1} \Gamma = \frac{z[3he^{\frac{3h}{9}} - e^{\frac{3h}{9}} + 1]}{3(z-h)(3ze^{\frac{3h}{9}} - e^{\frac{3h}{9}} + 1)}$$

P. 2 - 5

$$G(s) = \frac{1}{s(s+1)} = \frac{1}{s^2+s}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad d = 0$$

Code:

```
clear;
clf
h=input('Choose a value of h (1, 0.5, 0.3, or 0.1):');

A=[-1 0;1 0];
B=[1;0];
C=[0 1];
d=0;

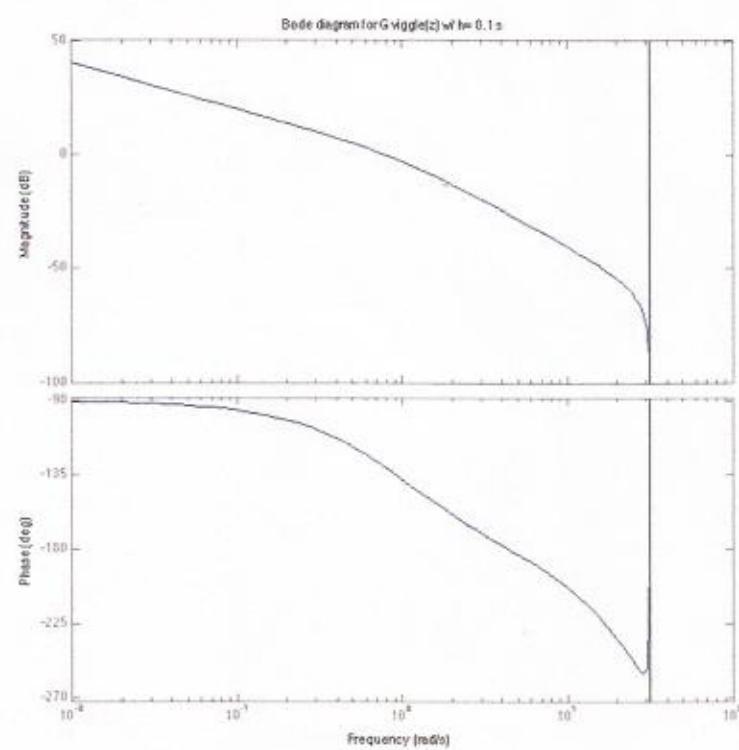
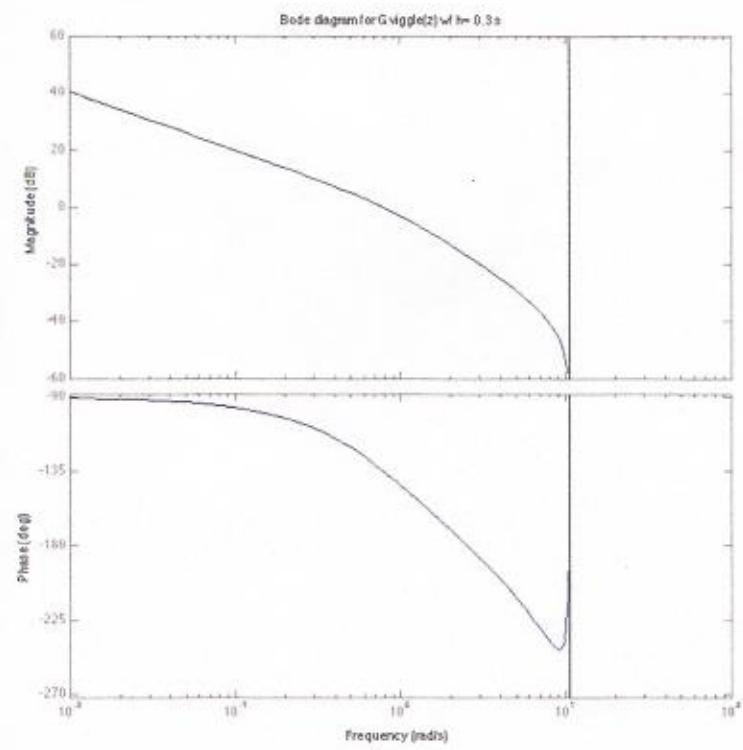
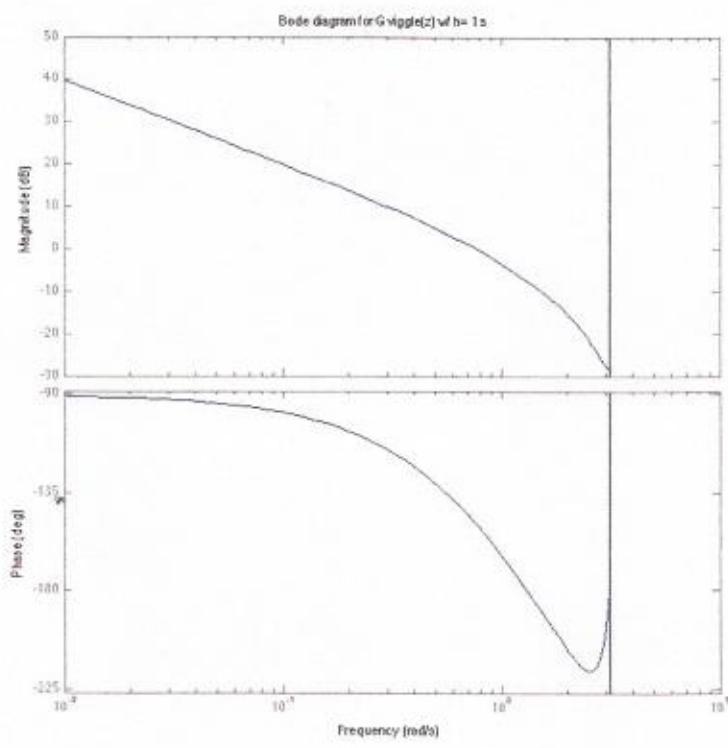
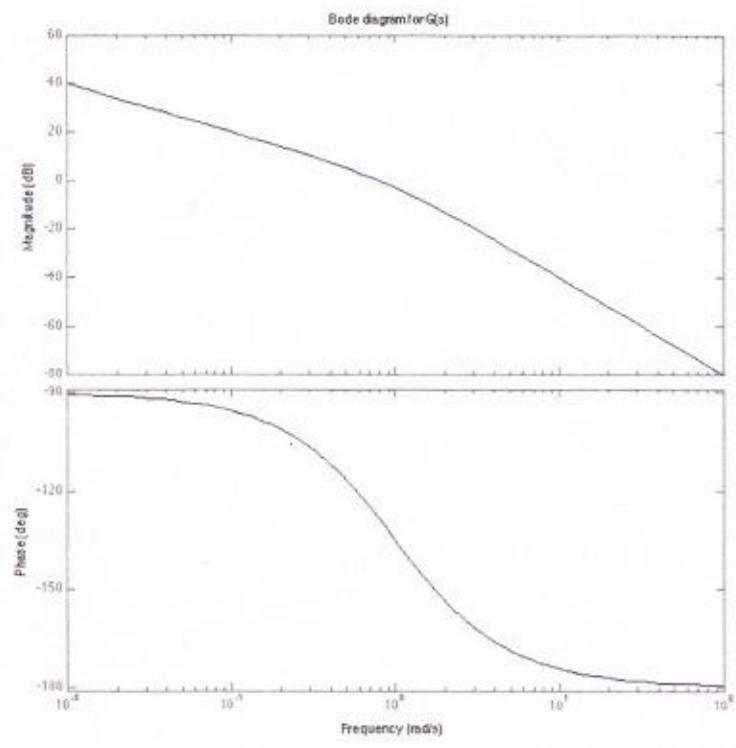
sys=ss(A,B,C,d);
tf(sys)

sysd=c2d(sys,h);
tf(sysd)

bode(sys)
title('Bode diagram for G(s)');

bode(sysd)
title(['Bode diagram for G viggle(z) w/ h= ',num2str(h),' s']);
```

Continue P.2-5



P.2-6

$$G(s) = \frac{1}{s+a} e^{-Mhs} e^{-\epsilon s}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad X(k+1) = \phi X(k) + \Gamma_1 u(k-1) + \Gamma_0(k)$$

$$\phi = e^{-ah}$$

$$\Gamma_0 = \int_0^{h-\epsilon} e^{-a\sigma} d\sigma = \frac{1 - e^{-a(h-\epsilon)}}{a}$$

$$\Gamma_1 = e^{-a(h-\epsilon)} \int_0^{a\epsilon} e^{\sigma} d\sigma = \frac{e^{-ah}(e^{a\epsilon} - 1)}{a}$$

$$\tilde{G}(z) = \frac{1}{z^M} \frac{1}{z} \left[ \frac{z\Gamma_0 + \Gamma_1}{z - \phi} \right]$$

$$\tilde{G}(z) = \frac{1}{z^{M+1}} \left[ \frac{z(1 - e^{-a(h-\epsilon)}) + e^{-ah}(e^{a\epsilon} - 1)}{a(z - e^{-ah})} \right]$$

\textcircled{2}  $a=2 \quad M=4 \quad \epsilon=0.3 \quad h=0.5$

$$\tilde{G}(z) = \frac{1}{z^5} \left[ \frac{z(1 - e^{-0.4}) + e^{-1}(e^{0.6} - 1)}{2(z - e^{-1})} \right]$$

$$\tilde{G}(z) = \frac{0.3297z + 0.3024}{2z^5(z - 0.3679)}$$

P.2-7

$$\text{ODE: } F = M \ddot{x} + D \dot{x} + Kx$$

$$\text{where } \dot{x} = \frac{dx}{dt}, \quad \ddot{x} = \frac{d^2x}{dt^2}$$

$$\ddot{x} = \frac{F}{M} - \frac{D}{M} \dot{x} - \frac{K}{M} x$$

$$\text{State model: } \dot{\underline{x}} = A\underline{x} + BF$$

$$\text{Measure. model: } y = C\underline{x} + dF$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -\frac{K}{M} & -\frac{D}{M} \end{bmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{1}{M} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C = [1 \ 0], \quad d = 0$$

Transfer function

$$\begin{aligned} T(s) &= C(sI - A)^{-1} B \\ &= [1 \ 0] \begin{bmatrix} s & -1 \\ \frac{K}{M} & s + \frac{D}{M} \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{1}{M} \end{bmatrix} \\ &= \frac{1}{Ms^2 + DS + K} = \frac{1/M}{s^2 + \frac{D}{M}s + \frac{K}{M}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{let } M = 3, \quad D = 8, \quad K = 2$$

$$T(s) = \frac{1/3}{s^2 + \frac{8}{3}s + \frac{2}{3}} = \frac{0.333}{s^2 + 2.667s + 0.667}$$

### MATLAB Code:

```
% Mass-Spring-Damper system analysis using MATLAB
```

```
clear;
clf
```

```
M= input('Enter a value of the mass of body M:');
D= input('Enter a value of the fractional constant D:');
K= input('Enter a value of the spring constant K:');
```

```
A=[0 1;-K/M -D/M];
B=[0;1/M];
C=[1 0];
d=0;
```

```
sys=ss(A,B,C,d);
tf(sys)
```

### Results:

Please enter a value of the mass of body M:3

Please enter a value of the fractional constant D:8

Please enter a value of the spring constant K:2

```
tf(sys)
```

0.3333

-----

$s^2 + 2.667s + 0.667$

# P.2-8

a)  $G(s) = \frac{5(s+6)}{(s+3)(s+4)} = \frac{5s+30}{s^2 + 7s + 12}$   $|X_{\max}| = 4$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -7 & -12 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad C = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 30 \end{bmatrix} \quad d = 0$$

$$\frac{0.5}{|X_{\max}|} \leq T_s \leq \frac{1}{|X_{\max}|} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{8} \leq T_s \leq \frac{1}{4}$$

Code:

```
clear;
clf
A=[-7 -12;1 0];
B=[1;0];
C=[5 30];
d=0;
Ts=0.5;
sys=ss(A,B,C,d);
tf(sys)
sysd=c2d(sys,Ts);
tf(sysd)
```

Results:

```
tf(sys)
5 s + 30
-----
s^2 + 7 s + 12
Continuous-time transfer function.
tf(sysd)
1.723 z - 0.04336
-----
z^2 - 0.3585 z + 0.0302
Sample time: 0.5 seconds
Discrete-time transfer function.
```

b)  $G(s) = \frac{5(s+6)}{(s+3)(s+4)}$

$$\frac{1}{8} \leq T_s \leq \frac{1}{4}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -7 & -12 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad C = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 30 \end{bmatrix} \quad d = 0$$

Code:

```
clear;
clf
A=[-7 -12;1 0];
B=[1;0];
C=[5 30];
d=0;
Ts=1;
sys=ss(A,B,C,d);
tf(sys)
sysd=c2d(sys,Ts);
tf(sysd)
```

Results:

```
tf(sys)
5 s + 30
-----
s^2 + 7 s + 12
Continuous-time transfer function.
tf(sysd)
2.297 z + 0.03517
-----
z^2 - 0.0681 z + 0.0009119
Sample time: 1 seconds
Discrete-time transfer function.
```

Continue P. 2-8

$$c) G(s) = \frac{5(s+7)}{s(s+2)(s+4)} = \frac{5s+35}{s^3 + 6s^2 + 8s}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -6 & -8 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad C = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 5 & 35 \end{bmatrix} \quad d = 0$$
$$|\lambda_{\max}(A)| = 4$$

$$\frac{0.5}{|\lambda_{\max}(A)|} \leq T_s \leq \frac{1}{|\lambda_{\min}(A)|} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{8} \leq T_s \leq \frac{1}{4}$$

code:

```
clear;
clf
A=[-7 -12; 1 0];
B=[1;0];
C=[5 30];
d=0;
Ts=0.5;
sys=ss(A,B,C,d);
tf(sys)
sysd=c2d(sys,Ts);
tf(sysd)
```

Results:

```
tf(sys)
5 s + 35
-----
s^3 + 6 s^2 + 8 s
Continuous-time transfer function.
tf(sysd)
0.6174 z^2 + 0.5875 z - 0.009323
-----
z^3 - 1.503 z^2 + 0.553 z - 0.04979
Sample time: 0.5 seconds
Discrete-time transfer function.
```

P.2-9

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 5 & -2 & -4 \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ -2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad C = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad d = 0$$

$$|\lambda_{\max}(A)| = 4$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \leq T_s \leq \frac{1}{4}$$

$$G(s) = C [sI - A]^{-1} B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} s+2 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & -s+1 & 0 \\ -5 & 2 & s+4 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ -2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$G(s) = \frac{-2}{s+1}$$

Code:

```

clear;
clf
A=[-2 3 0;0 -1 0;5 -2 -4];
B=[6;-2;0];
C=[0 1 0];
d=0;
Ts=.125;
sys=ss(A,B,C,d);
tf(sys)
sysd=c2d(sys,Ts,'zoh');
tf(sysd)

```

Results:

```

tf(sys)
-2
-----
s + 1
Continuous-time transfer function.

tf(sysd)
-0.235
-----
z - 0.8825

```

Sample time: 0.125 seconds  
Discrete-time transfer function.