

Solution 1.18

A resistance heater is used to heat water to desired temperature. The amount of electric energy used in kWh and kJ are to be determined.

Analysis The resistance heater consumes electric energy at a rate of 4 kW or 4 kJ/s. Then the total amount of electric energy used in 3 hours becomes

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Total energy} &= (\text{Energy per unit time})(\text{Time interval}) \\ &= (4 \text{ kW})(3 \text{ h}) \\ &= \mathbf{12 \text{ kWh}}\end{aligned}$$

Noting that $1 \text{ kWh} = (1 \text{ kJ/s})(3600 \text{ s}) = 3600 \text{ kJ}$,

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Total energy} &= (12 \text{ kWh})(3600 \text{ kJ/kWh}) \\ &= \mathbf{43,200 \text{ kJ}}\end{aligned}$$

Discussion Note kW is a unit for power whereas kWh is a unit for energy.